

## IMPROVING OUTCOMES EAST MIDLANDS SIB PRACTITIONERS WORKSHOP

26<sup>th</sup> September 2018



Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport



#### Welcome

Nigel Ball, Deputy Director & Head of Commissioning Support, GO Lab





### About us

Joint partnership between UK Government & Oxford University

Established in 2016

Based at the Blavatnik School of Government, in Oxford Centre of academic research and practice with a mission to improve the provision of public services to tackle complex social issues, with a focus on outcome based models



## Support available from GO Lab

#### Digital Knowledge Hub for SIBs & OBC

golab.bsg.ox.ac.uk



## Your burning questions



*'Providing robust evidence to justify outcome payments'* 

'Outcome and evaluation'

'Procurement process' 'Managing payment schedules'

'Setting up a SIB Contract'

*Learning shared from other SIB projects* <sup>2</sup>

started"

'Commissioner partnership'

'Practitioner insight and lessons learnt'

'Anything welcome'

Outcomes payments and getting

## Agenda for the day



10.00	Welcome				
10.10	Introductions				
10.40	Session I: What can SIBs teach us about service transformation?				
11.10	Coffee break				
11.30	Session II: Knowledge Exchange				
13.00	Lunch				
13.45	Session III: Parallel Sessions				
	From 13.45				
	- Improving outcomes specifications (with Eleanor & Andreea) OR				
	- Procurement, contracting and SIB structures (with Nigel & Dom)				
	From 14.35				
	- Designing the payment mechanism (with Nigel & Eleanor)				
	- Life Chances Fund updates and Q&A (with Alex, Helen & Katy)				
15.20	Building a SIB Knowledge Club for the region				

- 15.25 Closing remarks
- 15.30 Close





Session I: What can SIBs teach us about service transformation?





#### The context of SIBs



# Ways to contract for social interventions (not exhaustive!)



#### In-house service

# Fee for service contract

Payment by results contract Social impact bond (SIB) contract

No contracting takes places

Typically focus on inputs and contract compliance

Risk stays with commissioner

No investor needed

Payment linked to outcomes

(Some) financial risk passes to **provider** 

Working capital required but investor **not** incentivised to help achieve outcomes Payment linked to outcomes

(Some) financial risk passes to **investor** 

Working capital required and investor **more** incentivised to help achieve outcomes

#### Paying for outputs & outcomes creates a need for working capital

Delaying payment forces the bidders to raise working capital to deliver the programme





#### Slide credit: Andrew Levitt, Bridges Fund Management





Figure 1: Number of UK SIBs over time, by lead commissioner and scaled according to contract value (£)



### SIBs in the UK



#### Figure 2: Proportion of UK SIBs by policy theme



## **UK Government outcomes funds for SIBs**



DWP Innovation Fund 2012-15	Rough Sleepers 2012-15	Youth Engagement Fund 2014-18	Fair Chance Fund 2014-18	DfE Innovation Programme 2016-	Rough Sleepers 2016-	Social Outcomes Fund/ Commissioning Better Outcomes 2013-	Life Chances Fund 2016-
DWP	GLA	DWP	DCLG	DfE	DCLG	Cabinet Office/ Big Lottery Fund	DCMS
NEETS	Homeless	NEETS	Homeless young people	Care leavers	Homelessness	Complex needs	Complex needs
Attendance Behaviour Qualifications; Employment	Stable accommodation Volunteering and training Employment	Volunteering and training Employment	Stable accommodation Education Employment	Qualification and training Accommodation Employment Stability and wellbeing	Stable accommodation Employment Mental and physical wellbeing	Project defined	Project defined

**Rate Card** 

## **GO** Lab evidence report on SIBs



#### Key findings

- SIBs may overcome perennial challenges in the public sector through collaboration, prevention and innovation
- There are four dimensions or active ingredients by which SIBs are expected to improve public service provision:
  - nature and amount of payment by results;
  - the nature of the working capital;
  - the social intent of the provider organisation; and
  - the performance management approach
- There needs to be more transparency across the sector, and lessons learned from pilots need to be published whether they were successful or failed
- Download the report: https://golab.bsg.ox.ac.uk/ourprojects/about-evidence-report-2018/



**Building the tools for** public services to secure better outcomes: Collaboration, **Prevention, Innovation** 

r Carter, Clare FitzGerald, Ruth Dix na Economy, Tanyah Hameed and



## Why use SIBs?







# The 'active ingredients' of a Social Impact Bond



### A SIB's 'active ingredients'



- Social Impact Bonds difficult to define. Used for different reasons and diverse in their structure and features
- To help make sense of this we observed four 'dimensions' along which SIBs tend to vary. This are illustrated on the next slide.
- The four dimensions are: the nature and amount of payment which is for outcomes; the nature of working capital used; the social intent of the provider organisations; and the degree of performance management.
- A SIB in it's supposed 'purest' form might be at the nearest extreme of these dimensions (represented by the red circle at the centre). However, in reality, many variations along each of these axes are observed.
- As projects move away from this 'pure' form, they may begin to look more like conventional grants / fee for service (upper part of diagram), or more like conventional PbR (lower part of diagram).

#### A SIB's 'active ingredients'







#### Coffee break







## Session II: Knowledge Exchange





#### **DN2 Children's Services** Intervention Programme

- Jon Hawketts, Nottinghamshire County Council
- Catherine Young, Derby City Council Michael Rowley, Nottingham City Council



## **DN2 Children's Services**

## **SIB Intervention Programme**

Catherine Young, Derby City Council Jon Hawketts, Nottinghamshire County Council Mike Rowley, Nottingham City Council







#### DN2 – Derby City, Nottingham City & Nottinghamshire

Our partnership area:

#### Approximately...

- 290,000 children and young people <18 living in the area...
- 25% living in low income / deprived households
- 1,900 children in care...
  - **130** in independent residential services
  - 1,550 in independent & LA fostering services
  - 65 in LA residential services







Counci

#### DN2 – Derby City, Nottingham City & Nottinghamshire

#### Our vision:

• to support as many children as possible to remain with their birth families

#### **Our Aims:**

- Sustainable long-term achievements changing lives
- Improved wellbeing
- Improved sense of safety, self-esteem and self-belief
- Improved education attendance and achievement

#### **Our Desired outcomes:**

- For those at risk of coming into care to remain with their birth families
- For those who come into care to sustain living in a stable family setting
- For those in residential care to move to live in a stable family setting where possible









#### **DN2** – Derby City, Nottingham City & Nottinghamshire

#### **Our Children in Care:**

- 130 in independent residential services ٠
  - Some are in the best place to meet their needs
  - Some we think can have a better experience in a foster family
- 1,550 in independent & LA fostering services
  - Some are on a path towards residential care •
  - Some may ultimately need residential care
  - Some we think can remain in fostering with the right support for them and • their carers

#### *We operate in a context of ever reducing funds.*

We need to achieve the best outcomes for our children... whilst achieving the greatest value for money.

#### We need to do something different, be innovative...







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# Why a SIB?

- Reduces the financial risk / burden of ineffective intervention programmes
- LCF funding reduces the 'innovation risk'
- Our project has secured £3m towards our outcomes payments – c25% of the total cost
- The underlying issues our SIB is seeking to resolve are the types of 'complex social problems' for which the government is promoting the use of SIBs







#### 1. Edge of Care

#### 2. Foster care placement support

To help young people who have entered care (*Reunification*) or who are at risk of entering care (*Prevention*) to remain safely at home with their families

To help young people who have entered residential care (*Residential De-escalation*) or who are at risk of entering residential care (*Placement stabilisation*) to achieve placement stability in the family setting

DN2

SOCIAL IMPACT BOND

# Focus of our SIB ....









## Our Journey...

- Outline Business Case
- In-principle Award
- Market Engagement
- Procurement and Dialogue
- Closing the deal
  - With the preferred bidder
  - With BLF / DCMS
- Planning for go-live











## What we've learned

- It's a longer process than we first envisaged
  - we needed to be properly resourced project management, procurement and legal
  - It can't be done alongside the day job
- Constantly remind yourselves of your original objectives as you go through the process
  - don't get caught up in the jargon, e.g. social impact bond
- Get some expert advice
  - unless you're sure about the process don't be afraid to ask the experts
  - ... but don't become totally reliant on them; gradually wean yourself off them
  - don't be afraid to challenge them if you think they are wrong ... or if you don't understand their advice!
- Engage market ASAP and at every opportunity
  - we paused whilst waiting for a decision on our OBC; we should have used this time more wisely
- Keep internal stakeholders on board, too
  - especially senior colleagues and (for an LA) elected members.

**County Counci** 

more difficult the longer you leave it as the complication / jargon gets magnified







## What we've also learned...

- Keep things as simple as possible; it doesn't have to be complicated, e.g. our payment mechanism
- Its just a form of outcomes based contract ... with social investment providing the monies in order to attract grant funding
- The finance looks complicated in pure accounting terms but blindingly easy in practice
  - You pay only for outcomes that are actually achieved (...retrospectively)
  - The amount is sufficiently large to provide an acceptable rate of return to the social investor providing the upfront finance
  - But its also sufficiently small to enable a successful SIB programme to deliver savings to the 3 Councils
  - … and 25% of payments are made by government, too ☺









## Questions ...

# or for the table discussions?







## Reflections on developing Social Impact Bonds

Dominic Llewellyn, CEO, Numbers for Good & GO Lab Fellow of Practice





# Reflections on social impact bonds from Numbers for Good

September 2018

#### About Numbers for Good

Our mission is to bridge the worlds of finance and social innovation and impact. We create solutions that allow organisations to fund social and environmental projects and connect investors with opportunities for sustainable financial and social returns


## 1. Numbers for Good and social impact bonds

- Our team have delivered over 25 social impact bond projects across a range of impact areas.
- Extensive experience in the end-to-end design and execution of SIBs. Our work covers identification of savings, pricing outcomes, structuring and executing the SIB as well as raising capital and performance management.
- Strong knowledge across different sectors
- We have successfully structured and executed 7 social impact bonds for our clients.
- Key examples that our team have been involved in include:
  - Fusion Housing & Home Group's Fair Chance Fund SIBs, delivering accommodation and employment/training outcomes for young people
  - Working with Sefton Council on creating a NEETs SIB
  - Led a LCF bid for Lancashire on helping young people avoid care and improve their life chances
  - Addaction's SIB with Cornwall County Council reducing demand on A&E by providing better outcomes for people with multiple complex needs
  - Mayday's 'Be the Change' SIB, supporting homeless people in Northamptonshire the first homelessness SIB majority commissioned by a local authority.
  - Changing Lives SIB in Newcastle and Gateshead and GM Homes Partnership in Manchester (commissioned by Newcastle and Gateshead and the Greater Manchester Combined Authority, respectively).

## 1. Why do commissioners & providers say they use SIBs?

Public sector commissioners	Charity & social enterprise providers
<ul> <li>Financial risk transfer (e.g. supports risk management of innovation)</li> </ul>	• Financial risk transfer (& ability to deliver PBR contracts with appropriate working capital provided by investor)
<ul> <li>Allows commissioners to fund prevention, while only paying for what works</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Access to sizeable, long-term and stable revenue streams</li> <li>Increased focus on outcomes (not</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Increased focus on outcomes (not inputs)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>inputs)</li><li>Scale up effective interventions</li></ul>
Potential for co-commissioning	<ul> <li>Improved performance management &amp; impact (via investor partnerships)</li> </ul>

Social Investors, opportunity to generate social + financial return

## 1. Key features of interest



### 1. Financing outcome based contracts

#### Social Impact Bonds (SIBs)

 Social impact bonds are a financing mechanism for outcomes based contracts. A social investor typically lends the upfront capital needed to set up the intervention and is repaid at the end of the contract with the income generated from outcomes achieved.



### 2. First for Wellbeing Multiple Complex Needs



### 2. First for Wellbeing Multiple Complex Needs



		① Uses established rate card
$\checkmark$	Interestin g features	<ul> <li>2 Contract cap for commissioner protection</li> <li>3 Quick set-up: SPV, legals all resolved to normal commissioning time</li> </ul>
		tables



"First for Wellbeing CIC is delighted to be working in partnership with the Mayday Trust and Bridges. The project supports those who often receive little support because of their complex and correlating problems; issues such as homelessness, total relationship breakdown, physical and mental health problems including addictions, long-term unemployment and disrupted education and trauma." Janet Doran, Managing Director of First for Wellbeing CIC

#### 2. Reducing A&E attendances in Cornwall



#### 2. Reducing A&E attendances in Cornwall







- (2) 35% top-up funding from LCF
- ③ Pilot service helped inform outcomes



"We wanted to create the Cornwall social impact bond to create an outcomes based commissioning approach for some of our work to both focus on the outcomes we deliver and in recognition that more contracts might move this way" Addaction

### 2. Greater Manchester Homes – reducing rough sleeping



### 2. Greater Manchester Homes – reducing rough sleeping





- 1 Three delivery providers, one with a different approach
- 2 Housing support from a consortium of housing associations
- ③ Contract to be increased due to demand



"Housing association business models are becoming outdated, so as an organisation we have a 'burn to learn' how social innovation works. Numbers for Good has been an invaluable partner in our journey to challenge conventional thinking. It's a pleasure to work with such an honest, transparent and solution-focused team" Trafford Housing Trust

## 3. Worksheet - SIB readiness toolkit

Assessment
Is the social impact of the programme well-defined?
Is the target cohort identified?
Is there evidence that the intervention(s) achieve the desired outcomes?
Can we quantify the social impact? Are outcomes easily measurable?
Does the programme have a strong track record of delivery?
Do the outcomes and cohort align with commissioner priorities?
Do we have some thoughts as to how we might be able to finance the programme?
Is the service delivery operationally viable?

#### **Contact Information**

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# Lunch







Improving Outcomes Specifications

(Eleanor & Andreea)

OR

Procurement, Contracting & SIB structures

(Nigel & Dominic)



# **Session III: Parallel sessions**





Improving Outcomes Specifications

(Eleanor & Andreea)

OR

Procurement, Contracting & SIB structures

(Nigel & Dominic)

# Improving outcomes specifications





- L. Tightly defined eligible cohort
  - Clear, objective criteria
  - Understanding of how far participants are from the desired outcomes
  - Independent referral / identification mechanism

Alignment between payable outcomes and policy objectives

- Logical link between activity, outputs and outcomes
- Adequate period of time for tracking
- A way to tell if the effect has 'stuck'

#### . Accurate price-setting of outcomes

- Robust estimate of likely level of benefit vs what would happen anyway ("deadweight")
- A way to get confidence that any outcomes are caused by the intervention ("attribution")
- Suitably long outcome tracking-period

Whilst it is not practical for these aspects to be perfect, commissioners should focus on them to avoid perverse incentives for providers

## Contract Mechanism 1 Provider in the middle





The Provider holds the contract with the Commissioner and takes responsibility for finding an Investor to share the risk with

The Investor gives the Provider the money needed to deliver the work upfront; if outcomes are not achieved then the Provider doesn't have to repay (all) this money and the Investor loses their capital and receives no return

Generally best for projects with **one** Commissioner and Provider

## Contract Mechanism 2 Investor in the middle





The Investor holds the contract with the Commissioner. If outcomes are not achieved, the Investor stands to lose their investment <u>and</u> no return is paid

The provider operates on service fee basis, shielded from risk by the Investor

Sometimes an advisor / intermediary provides performance management of the provider to help assure the investor outcomes will be achieved

Generally best for projects with **multiple** Commissioners and/or Providers

## Contract Mechanism 3 Advisor / intermediary in the middle





Generally best for projects with **multiple** Commissioners, Providers and/or Investors



Designing the Payment Mechanism

(Nigel & Eleanor)

OR

Life Chances Fund Updates and Q&A

(Alex, Helen & Katy)



# Building a SIB Knowledge Club



# Support available from the GO Lab



#### Advice Surgeries

 The GO Lab team are available on Tuesday mornings to provide advice and support via phone or online. Book at <u>https://golab.bsg.ox.ac.uk/guidance/advice-surgeries/</u>

#### Access information and resources

- Our website includes technical guides, introductory materials, a publications library, case studies and a projects database. <u>https://golab.bsg.ox.ac.uk</u>
- Events & webinars
  - We host events and training sessions for officials in commissioning authorities. https://golab.bsg.ox.ac.uk/news-events/

# WEBINAR: Setting up the payment mechanism in an outcomes-based contract



# 24<sup>th</sup> October 2018 10am – 11.30am

Book your place: <u>https://golabpaymentmech.eventbrite.co.uk</u>

# WEBINAR: Measuring the impact of your outcomes-based project



# 13<sup>th</sup> November 2018 10am – 11.30am

Book your place: golab@bsg.ox.ac.uk



## Closing remarks Nigel Ball, Deputy Director and Head of Commissioning Support, GO Lab





# YOUR FEEDBACK

# Go to: slido.com/SIBsEastMids

# Contact us







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